DISPOSITION: November 23, 1945. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

9168. Misbranding of vanilla extract and lemon extract. U. S. v. 128 Cases of Vanilla Extract and 29 Cases of Lemon Extract. (F. D. C. No. 17074. Sample Nos. 4478-H, 4479-H.)

LIBEL FILED: July 28, 1945, Eastern District of Pennsylvania.

ALLEGED SHIPMIENT: Between the approximate dates of April 20 and July 6, 1945, by John Lecroy and Son, from Camden, N. J.

PRODUCT: 128 cases, each containing 12 ½-ounce bottles, of vanilla extract, and 29 cases, each containing 12 ½-ounce bottles, of lemon extract at Philadelphia, Pa. Each of the bottles was contained in a carton.

LABEL, IN PART: "Lecroy's Pure Vanilla [or "Lemon"] Extract."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 403(d), the containers were so made, formed, and filled as to be misleading since the individual carton was excessively large for the size of the bottle.

DISPOSITION: October 9, 1945. John Lecroy and Son, claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond for repackaging and relabeling under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

MISCELLANEOUS FOODS

9169. Adulteration of saccharic acid. U. S. v. 18 Barrels and 1 Keg of Saccharic Acid. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 15636. Sample No. 55695–F.)

LIBEL FILED: April 17, 1945, Western District of Washington.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about April 16, 1943, by the Brocker Chemical Co., from Morganville, N. J.

PRODUCT: 18 500-pound barrels and 1 100-pound keg of saccharic acid at Seattle, Wash. The product was to be used as a component of foods.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (1), the article contained added poisonous or deleterious substances, hydrocyanic and oxalic acids, which may have rendered it injurious to health.

Disposition: September 7, 1945. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

9170. Adulteration of rennet extract. U. S. v. 1 Keg of Rennet Extract. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 16220. Sample No. 14882-H.)

LIBEL FILED: June 4, 1945, Northern District of Illinois.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about April 6, 1945, by the Dairyland Rennet Co., from Green Bay, Wis.

PRODUCT: 1 10-gallon keg of rennet extract. Inspection revealed that the factory of the Dairyland Rennet Co. was heavily infested with rodents and flies, and that the rennet extract being manufactured contained borax.

LABEL, IN PART: "Red Seal Dairyland Rennet Extract."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (2), the article contained an added poisonous and deleterious substance, borax, which is unsafe within the meaning of the law since it is not required in the production of the article and its use can be avoided by good manufacturing practice; and, Section 402 (a) (4), the article had been prepared under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

Disposition: December 26, 1945. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

9171. Adulteration of rennet. U. S. v. 2 Boxes of Italian Rennet. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 15871. Sample No. 17426-H.)

LIBEL FILED: April 12, 1945, Northern District of Illinois.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about February 14, 1945, by John B. Torresin, from Fond du Lac, Wis.

Product: 1 82-pound box and 1 70-pound box of Italian rennet at Freeport, Ill.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insect fragments, hairs resembling rodent, cow, or goat hairs, and wood and plant fibers.

DISPOSITION: October 23, 1945. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

9172. Adulteration of rennet. U. S. v. 4 Barrels of Italian Style Rennet. Consent decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 16786. Sample No. 23314-H.)

LIBEL FILED: July 5, 1945, Western District of Arkansas.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about March 8, 1945, by J. Marchioretto and Co., from Kenosha, Wis.

PRODUCT: 4 barrels containing about 950 pounds of Italian style rennet at Harrison, Ark.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of cow hairs, plant fibers, and insect fragments.

DISPOSITION: September 11, 1945. The consignee having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

9173. Adulteration of cocoa butter. U. S. v. 444 Cases and 390 Cases of Cocoa Butter. Decrees of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond. (F. D. C. Nos. 14523, 14547. Sample Nos. 68447–F, 68448–F.)

LIBELS FILED: November 25 and 28, 1944, Northern District of Ohio.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about October 23 and 25, 1944, by the Toledo Candy Co., Bloomington, Ill.

PRODUCT: 444 cases and 390 cases, each containing approximately 130 pounds, of cocoa butter at Toledo, Ohio.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of weevils, insect fragments, dirt, and mold.

Disposition: December 13, 1944. The Paul F. Beich Co., a corporation, Bloomington, Ill., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libels, judgments of condemnation were entered and the product was ordered released under bond to be brought into conformity with the law, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

9174. Adulteration of cocoa butter. U. S. v. 56 Bags of Cocoa Butter. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond. (F. D. C. No. 15442. Sample No. 17413-H.)

LIBEL FILED: On or about March 8, 1945, Northern District of Illinois.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about March 14, 1944, from Brooklyn, N. Y.

PRODUCT: 56 bags, each containing approximately 200 pounds, of cocoa butter at Chicago, Ill., in the possession of the Lion Speciality Co. The product was stored under insanitary conditions after shipment. Some of the bags were rodent-gnawed, and rodent pellets were observed on them. Examination showed that the product contained rodent pellets.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

Disposition: August 8, 1945. The Lion Speciality Co., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond to be reconditioned, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration, by removing all contaminated bags and wrappers, cutting away all rodent-gnawed portions, and repacking the product in clean containers.

9175. Adulteration of yeast. U. S. v. Henry A. Kohman (H. A. Kohman). Plea of guilty. Fine, \$150 and costs. (F. D. C. No. 15536. Sample Nos. 63349-F, 63907-F, 89835-F.)

INFORMATION FILED: June 15, 1945, Western District of Pennsylvania, against Henry A. Kohman, trading as H. A. Kohman, Pittsburgh, Pa.